

Oak Bluff

Quercus austrina



Container grown Oak Bluff

The Quercus austrina, commonly referred to as the Bluff Oak due to its most common found locations on river bluffs, slopes, and streams. They are mostly found in the north half of Florida (north of Lake County), but can also be found along the southeastern United States. They prefer to live in wet habitats and can tolerate clay, sand, loam, acidic and well-draining soils.

The Bluff Oak has medium-textured leaves that make it stand out from other oaks. It is small for an oak tree, as its average height is 45 to 60 feet, with only a width of 35 to 50 feet. This deciduous tree's fall colors are beautiful and showy, varying in colors like orange, yellow, and copper. Bluff Oaks have good drought tolerance and should be grown in full sun. Since the leaves do fall in the winter, some may say that this tree can be messy with leaf drop. Come springtime, the tree will have inconspicuous flowers and attract all types of wildlife such as small mammals, pollinators, and butterflies.

This tree mostly grows in the upright direction and does not have a tendency to droop. With a bit of occasional pruning, this tree can develop a strong structure resistant to breakage and high winds. It is a great option for urban landscapes because of its tolerance to both drought and wet soil and is well suited for planting in parking lots or along streets where there is plenty of space for crown development. Due to its moderately small size, it is ideal for landscapes that would benefit from a shade canopy, but may be limited in horizontal space.







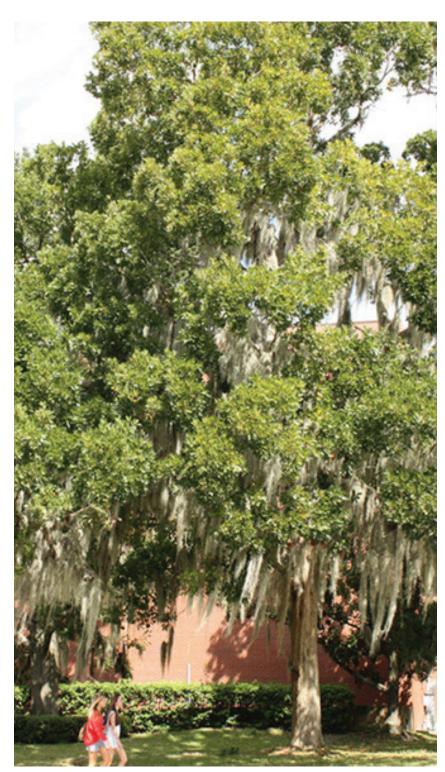
Oak Bluff bark





Oak Bluff

Quercus austrina



Oak Bluff in the landscape

Common Names:

Bluff Oak

Environment:

Soil: clay, loam, sand, acidic and well-draining

Exposure: full sun

Native Origin:

Southeast North America

Description:

Hardy Range: 8A-9B Mature Height: 40 - 60' Mature Spread: 35 - 50' Breakage: resistant Shade: provides ample

shade

Ornamental Characteristics:

Bluff Oak leaves are between 4 to 8 inches long and 2 to 4 inches wide. They can vary in color from green, to gray-green, with hairs on mature leaves. Some leaves are symmetrical whereas others are not. Its acorns are also peculiar in shape, nearly fully enclosed in their cupule, and loved by wildlife. The bark of this tree is pale or cream-colored, forming vertical ridges as it grows.



Florida Native



Medium growth





Canopy



High drought tolerance



Butterfly host

